# Quick troubleshooting guide





Troubleshooting
UNIBOX Control Box Unicum Motor

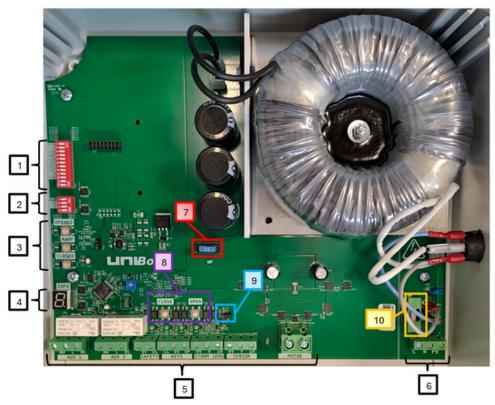


# **SUMMARY**

UNIBOX CONTROL BOX	p.3-5
CONTROL OF ROTATION DIRECTION AND LIMIT SWITCH SETTING	p.6-7
LIST OF ANOMALIES	p.8
Anomaly 0: Error initialization card Anomaly 1: Error programming the end positions Anomaly 2: Motor is not wired properly or damaged. Anomaly 3: Faulty sensor Anomaly 4: Melted fuse Anomaly 7: Activated anti-snatching alarm. Anomaly 8: Motor Overload	p.9 p.10-12 p.13-14 p.15 p.16 p.17 p.18
ADDITIONAL ANOMALIES	p.19-21

## **UNIBOX CONTROL BOX**

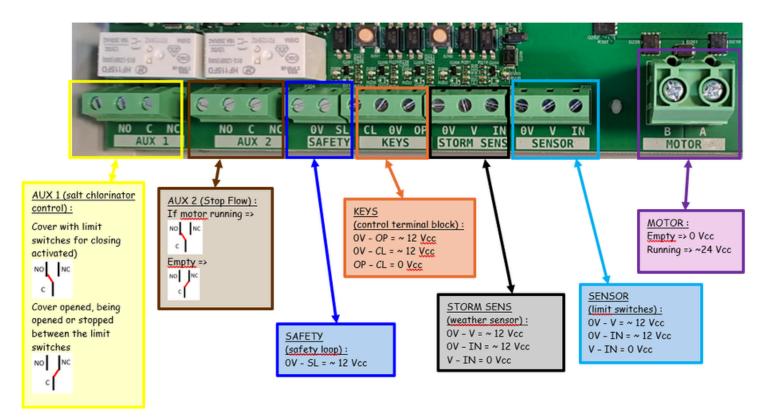
General overview



- 1-DIP Switch for enhanced functionalities
- 2- DIP Switch for FORCAGE and sensor arrangement
- 3- Programming controls
- 4- Alarm indication
- 5- Connection terminals
- 6-230Vac mains terminal block
- 7- Motor protection fuse
- 8- Guide control switches
- 9- Jumper for the management of inductive sensors
- 10 Control box protection fuse

#### **UNIBOX CONTROL BOX**

Connection terminal voltages



# **UNIBOX CONTROL BOX**

Motor connection based on sensor type

2-wire limit switch motor sensor (mechanical sensor)



3-wire limit switch motor sensor (inductive sensor)





Ensure the adjustment of the jumper pinout (index 9 on page 3).

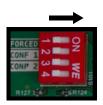


#### REGULATING THE ROTATIONAL DIRECTION AND SETTING THE LIMIT SWITCHES

Before modifying the limit switches, ensure that the motor's rotational direction is consistent.

#### Control of rotational direction

1. Switch the "FORCED" DIP-switch to the ON position.



2. Check that the cover opens upon pressing the "OPEN" button and closes when the "CLOSE" button is activated.

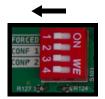


If this is not the situation, swap the two power supply wires at the "MOTOR" terminal block and check to ensure they are operating properly.

3. Verify the consistency of the wiring with the selected control system.

If necessary, swap the positions of the two wires "CL" and "OP" on the "KEYS" terminal block, and then check to ensure they are operating correctly.

After finishing, make sure to switch the "FORCED" DIP-switch back to the OFF position.



# Adjusting the end positions



ATTENTION: To modify the end positions, the cover must be operated EXCLUSIVELY using the "OPEN" or "CLOSE" buttons, or through the key switch or Wi-key receiver.

Avoid using the Wi-key emitter or radio device.

1. Hold down the "OPENED" button until the green LED next to it lights up.



- 3-Press the "OPENED" button again; the green LED will turn off, indicating that the "pool open" position has been successfully saved.
- 4-Press and hold the "CLOSED" button until the nearby green LED lights up.



- 5-Open the cover to the desired position using the key switch or the "CLOSED" button.
- 6-Press the "CLOSED" button once more; the green LED will turn off, and the "pool closed" position will be recorded.
- 7. The procedure has been completed, and the end stops have been programmed.

# **LIST OF DEFECTS**

Faults are displayed on the INFO screen.



0	Card initialization error
1	Limit switch programming malfunction
2	The motor is neither improperly wired nor damaged.
3	Malfunctioning sensor
4	Tripped fuse
7	Anti-tear alarm has been activated; please inspect the straps.
8	Engine overburdened

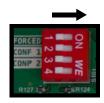
## **DEFAULT 0: Card initialization error**

#### **Symptom**

Upon powering up the card, fault 0 is displayed at the conclusion of the initialization process.

## <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

- 1. Power down the box and then disconnect all wires, retaining only the 230Vac power supply.
- 2. Activate the "FORCED" DIP-switch.



3. Reactivate the box.



If the problem persists, consider replacing the box.

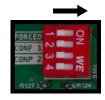
# **FAULT 1: Error in limit switch programming**

#### **Symptom**

When configuring the limit switches, fault 1 is displayed.

#### <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

- 1. Deactivate the box.
- 2. Activate the "FORCED" DIP-switch.



- 3. Reactivate the box.
- 4. Switch the "FORCED" DIP-switch to the OFF pe



Disconnect the wires from the SENSOR terminals and measure the voltages (see the description above for quidance).



If the voltages do not match, it indicates a fault in the power supply of the limit switch circuit; you should replace the box.

# **FAULT 1: Error in limit switch programming**

Reconnect the sensor wires inside the box, then disconnect the motor sensors (the brown and black wires) from the junction box.

Next, measure the voltage at the wires connected to the SENSOR terminal coming from the box. It should read around 12VDC.

Of the test does not pass, the damaged cable will need to be replaced.







# **FAULT 1: Error in limit switch programming**

Check the continuity of the engine sensor (multimeter setting: ) by inspecting the small brown and black wires while the engine is running. You should hear a sequence of alternating beeps.

If the beep is either constant or nonexistent, it signals a problem with the motor's internal sensor.

As a result, it will be necessary to replace the motor.







8. Consider reprogramming the limit switches.

If the problem arises again, it suggests there is a flaw in the box software.

Make arrangements to replace the box.

# FAULT 2: The motor is either improperly wired or damaged.

#### **Symptom**

During programming or regular operation, fault 2 is triggered.

#### <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

1. Verify the continuity of the automotive fuse.









If the fuse is defective, replace it after verifying the continuity of the new fuse.

Turn on the "FORCED" DIP switch by switching it to the ON position. Perform an opening or closing operation using the control system, then measure the DC voltage at the MOTOR terminal

NOTE: this reading will only be available for a short time before alarm 2 reactivates.







If the voltage displays zero, check the control's functionality (see page 6) and perform the measurement again.

# FAULT 2: Motor is improperly wired or damaged

1. Unplug the two red and gray wires from the motor cable, then check the DC voltage on the two power wires originating from the junction box. The voltage should be between 27 and 30 VDC.

Note: This reading will only be visible for a short time before alarm2 reactivates.







If the voltage measurement shows zero, you should replace the power cable that links the control box to the junction box.



If the voltage reads correctly, then the motor's power is faulty; it's time to replace the motor.

# **FAULT 3: Malfunctioning sensor**

## <u>Symptom</u>

During the operation of the cover, the motor stops and presents this alarm 3.

# <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

1. Conduct the same tests as those for DEFECT 1.

## **FAULT 4: Burnt fuse**

# <u>Symptom</u>

The motor fails to start, and the display indicates fault 4.

# <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

1. Control the continuity of the automotive fuse.









If the fuse is defective, replace it after verifying the continuity of the new fuse.

#### FAULT 7: Anti-tear alarm has been activated.

#### **Symptom**

The motor operates for a few seconds before halting, and the box displays fault 7.

### <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

1. Ensure that the straps of the safety kits are disengaged and that the cover is clear of any obstructions.

Try & open the cover once more.



If the fault reoccurs, deactivate the "ANTI-S" DIP switch.

2. Try & open the cover once more.



If a new alarm is triggered, please refer to the corresponding fault.

#### **FAULT 8: Motor Overload**

## **Symptom**

The motor stops operating during a maneuver, and the control box displays the fault n°8.

#### <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

1. Examine the condition of the junction box (oxidation, moisture, connectors).



If necessary, please revise it accurately.

2. Check that the section of the power cable from the control box to the junction box is correct.



Minimum cable size of 4mm<sup>2</sup> for lengths up to 15m, minimum cable size of 6mm<sup>2</sup> for lengths from 15 to 25m minimum cable size of 10mm<sup>2</sup> for lengths from 25 to 50m.



If the installed section does not meet compliance standards, replace it with the appropriate wire section.

3. Connect a new aerial cable and attempt again.



If the alarm reactivates, replace the motor.



#### **ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS**

The installation may not function properly without any alerts appearing on the INFO display.



#### Potential Problem #1

Upon activating the main switch, the box fails to initialize.

#### Cause(s)

The AC circuit within the box is not receiving power.

## <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

1. Check the supply voltage at the L/N/PE terminal block of the box.



If the voltage is not 230Vac, control it upstream of the box.

2. Verify the continuity of the ceramic power fuse.



Replace the fuse. If this does not function, replace the control box.

#### **ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS**

The installation may not function properly without any alerts appearing on the INFO display.



#### Potential problem #2

After initial start-up, the board initialized properly, the motor wiring is accurate; however, the motor does not operate.

## Cause(s)

The box is neither in Force mode nor is there any limit switch programming currently in progress or recorded.

#### <u>Troubleshooting steps</u>

1. Follow the instructions for "Controlling the direction of rotation and programming the limit switches (refer to pages 6 and 7)."



#### **ADDITIONAL PROBLEMS**

The installation may not function properly without any alerts appearing on the INFO display.



#### Potential Problem #3

The motor operates solely in one direction.

## Cause(s)

This situation may arise from either jammed slats or a problem with the command.

## Troubleshooting steps

1. Ensure that there are no obstructions hindering the movement of the slats in either direction.



If a foreign object is present, remove it.

2. Carry out the rotation direction verification step (refer to page 6).



If the fault continues, replace the control box.

3. Detach the wires from the "KEYS" terminal block, then create a shunt between the OV/CL terminals and then between the OV/OP terminals.

If the cover operates, check the control device and the wiring, and replace the defective component.



If you are unable to solve the issue, please reach out to our Technical Support Department.

Tel: +33 9 70 72 5000 | support@cf.group ZA La Croix Rouge | 35530 Brécé | FRANCE www.my-cfgroup.fr

